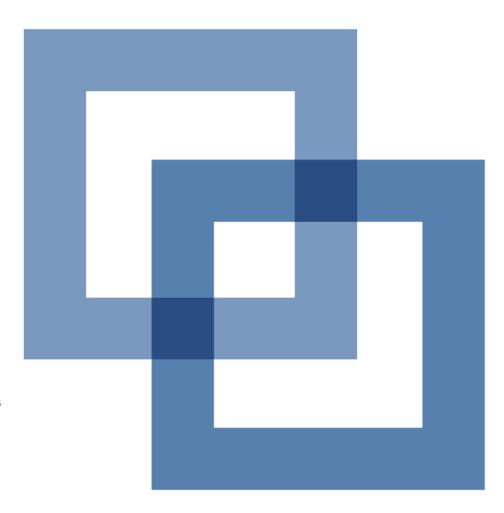


Why Long-Short is the New Long

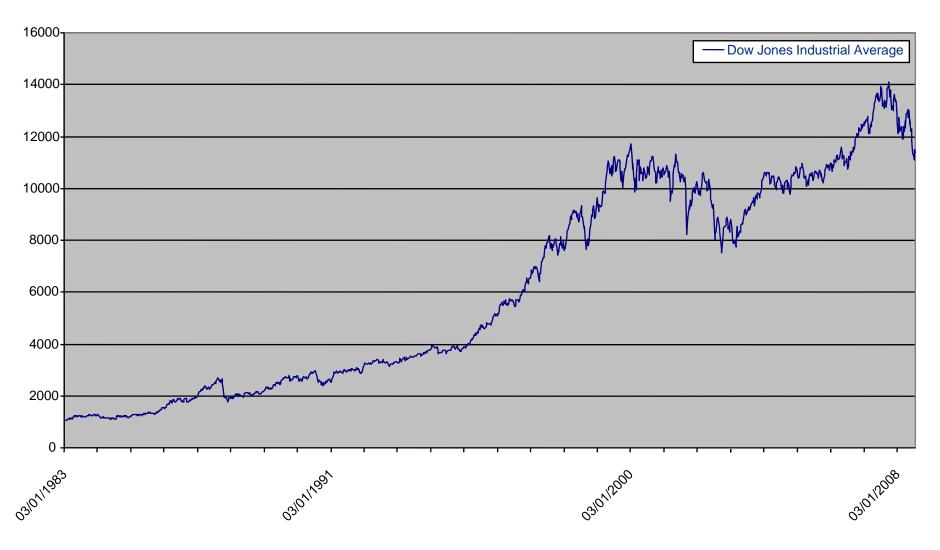
Presentation to PortfolioConstruction Conference 2008

Vasant Khilnani – Senior Portfolio Manager
Paul Sewell – General Manager – Equity Sales



August 2008

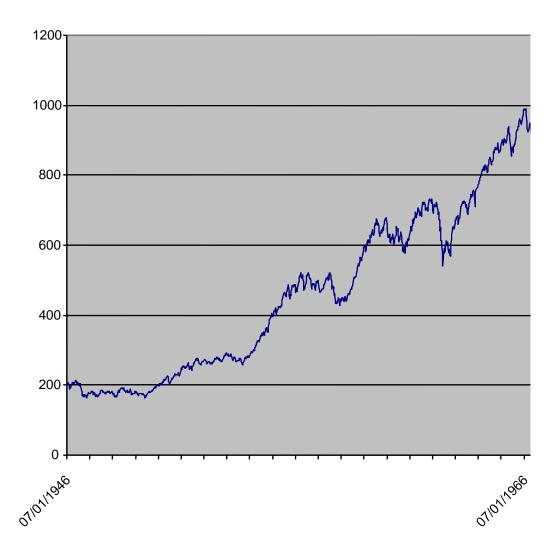
Is this a Normal Market?



Source: IRESS



Or is this a Normal Market?



Source: IRESS



Implications for Investors

- Need to run portfolio more efficiently
 - Extract high return for same risk
 - Lower risk for same returns

Clarke, Silva & Thorley

October 2002

Alpha =
$$TE * IC * TC * N^.5$$

Where

Alpha = Excess Return Desired by the investor

TE = Tracking error or risk in the portfolio

IC = Managers skill. It is his/her ability to forecast returns for individual stocks

TC = Transfer coefficient of the portfolio

N = Market breadth or number of independent bets in the portfolio



Ingredients for Alpha

- An increase in the left hand side of the equation (Alpha),
 can be achieved by increasing any of the terms on the right hand side.
- In absence of any portfolio constraints, TC = 100

How inefficient is the long only constraint?

Clarke, De Silva, Sapra - 2004

		Constraints Removed				
	All	la de atas	Sector	Position	Market	Long
	Constraints	Industry		Limit	Сар	Only
Transfer Coefficient (TC)	0.332	0.347	0.346	0.298	0.471	0.678
% Change in TC		8%	8%	-7%	46%	108%

Australian Context

Up Month September 2007

Down Month

January
2008

- Tracking error 3% was chosen as it is typical of an active manager in Australia
- Max number of stocks 100
- Position limits: starting at ±5% for the rank 1 stock and then linearly reducing to ±0.5%
- Universe: ASX 300
- Transaction costs were ignored



What is Implied Alpha?

- Not explicitly supplied by the portfolio manager
- Implied by the manager's portfolio

An Implementation Case Study

- Can an existing Long-only process benefit from Long-Short strategy?
 - Super imposed short positions Long Investment process untouched
 - Implied alphas used
 - Done 6 years ago

Back Test Methodology

- Long positions same as ASF
- Monthly Rebalance
- Use of Implied Alphas for short positions

→ Share Plus = 120% ASF + 20% Short Positions

Back testing of Long only Vs Long-Short Portfolio

August 1997 - August 2002

	Long Only	Long Short	Change
Benchmark return p.a.	7.41%	7.41%	
Portfolio Return p.a.	12.05%	17.55%	
Active Return p.a.	4.64%	10.14%	
Active Risk (TE)	4.29%	6.17%	
Information Ratio (IR)	1.08	1.64	51.90%
Absolute Risk (Risk of losing money or beta risk)	12.13%	12.26%	1.07%

Some implementation considerations for Short Selling strategies

Risks

Risks in the short position are skewed

Stock Availability for short selling

 In Australia, most if not all short positions are implemented by borrowing stock from a prime broker

Franking credits

Domestic Vs Overseas Lenders

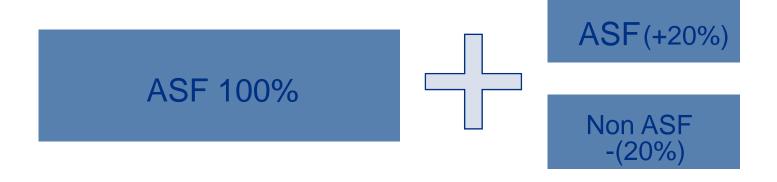
Conclusion

- Not running a portfolio at its maximum possible efficiency is like driving a six speed car in second gear.
- The short positions are inherently more risky than long positions but the risk can be managed.
- Even a modest amount of short selling can have dramatic impact on the portfolio efficiency.

Questions and Answers



The Plus in SHARE-PLUS



SHARE-PLUS Performance

June 2003 to June 2008

	ASF	Share-Plus	Benchmark	Excess
12 Months to June '04	24.77%	25.79%	21.75%	+4.04%
12 Months to June '05	27.63%	25.20%	26.04%	-0.84%
12 Months to June '06	25.77%	24.91%	24.01%	+0.90%
12 Months to June '07	24.28%	22.68%	29.20%	-6.52%
12 Months to June '08	-9.62%	-4.89%	-13.67%	+8.78%

Key messages

- Not hedge fund core equity product
- Leverages off our stock picking skills
- Risks similar to traditional equity products

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-Let's start thinking about...

- -This session was:
- -1. awful
- -2. mediocre
- -3. good
- 4. excellent

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