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The investment opportunity in Global Commodity Equities

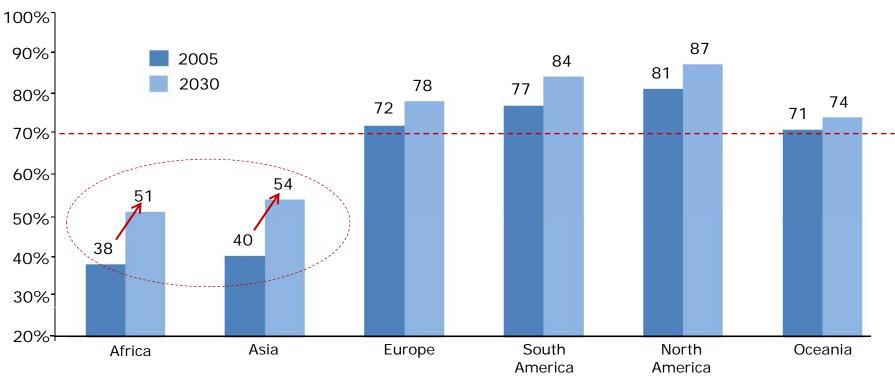
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Dr Joanne Warner Senior Portfolio Manager, Global Resources Colonial First State Global Asset Management



Global urbanisation set to continue

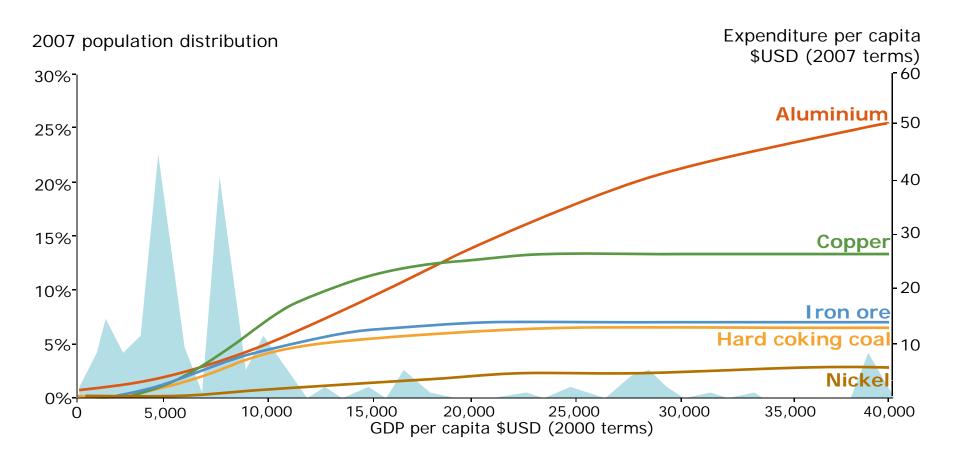
Proportion of total population in urban areas



Source: United Nations estimates, 2005 and 2030



Resources: the cycle isn't over

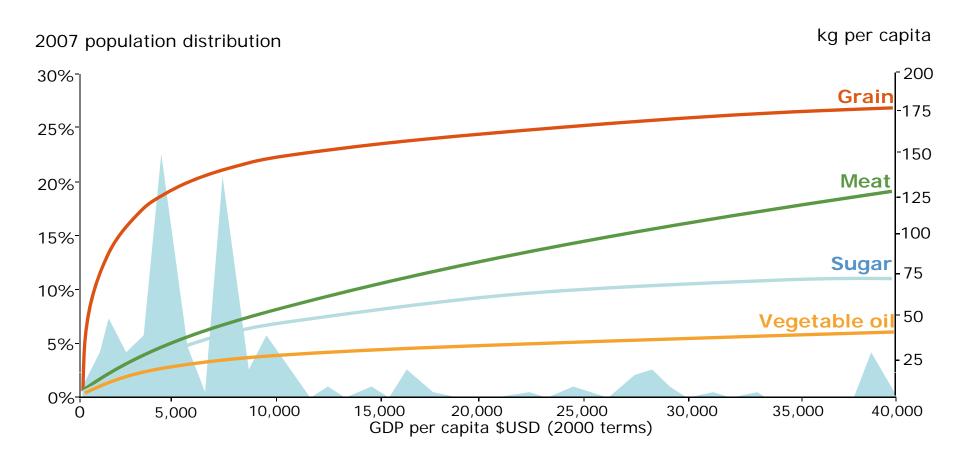


Source: Global Insight for population distribution; Rio Tinto estimates for commodity expenditure profiles.

Note: Expenditure profiles are based on Rio Tinto estimates of global income and consumption relationships and average real terms prices between 1990-2006. Iron ore and hard coking coal expenditure calculated based on crude steel demand projections, assuming all met by blast furnace production at historic average export prices.



Agriculture: driven by same thematic

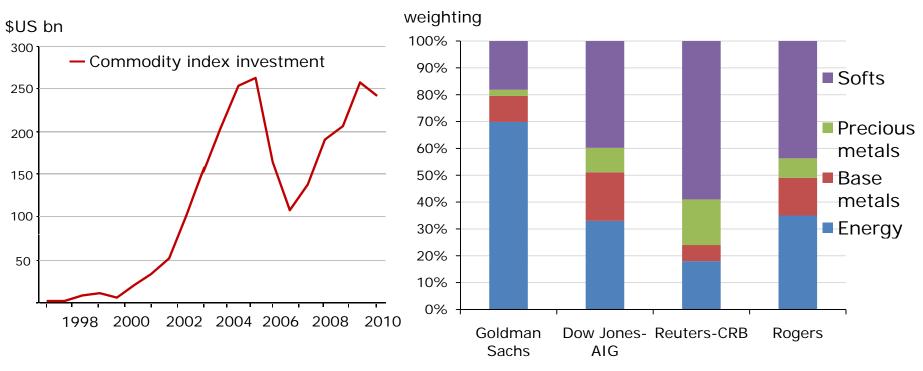


Source: Cargill Presentation 2007, The future of biofuels and implications for Australian agriculture. USDA, Foreign Agricultural Service



Commodity index investment

→ US\$250bn

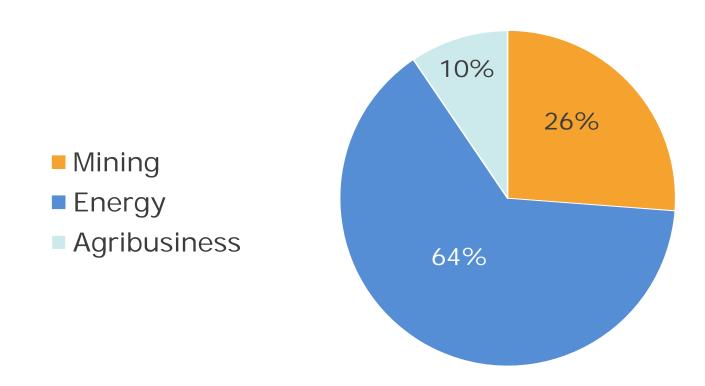


Source: CFTC, ETF Securities, Bloomberg, GCCI, Dow Jones, Reuters, Citi Investment Research and Analysis 11 May 2010.



Market capitalisation

→ US\$4,450bn in equities



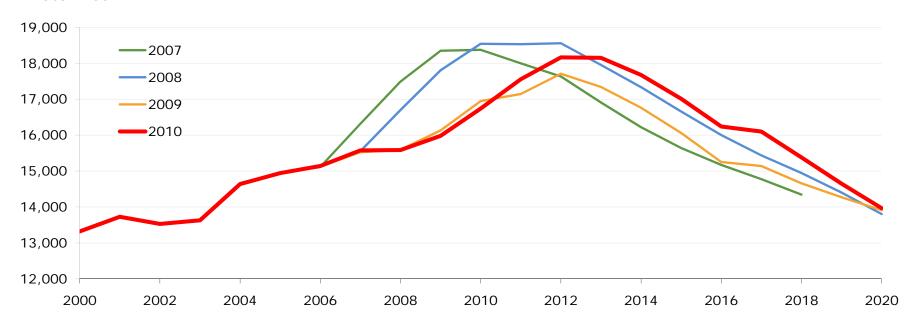
Market capitalisation at 30 Apr 2010: HSBC Global Mining Index , MSCI AC World Energy, DAX Global Agribusiness Index and the S&P Forestry and Timber Index.



Supply delays – an example

→ Global copper production forecasts

kilotonnes



Source: Brook Hunt-Wood Mackenzie, UBS. Data forecasts as of Q1 in each year.



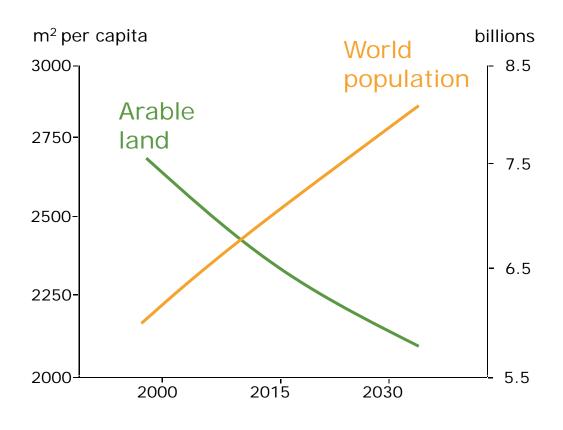
Resources supply constraints

- → Cost increases
- → Delays
- → Lack of high quality major new projects
- → Debt markets a challenge
- → Political risk
- → Infrastructure bottlenecks





Agricultural supply constraints



- → Falling arable land per capita
- → Population growth
- → Constrained water resources
- → Climate challenges



Source: FAO, Yara International Q1 2008 results presentation, Apr 08



The future of agribusiness

- → Equity markets a growing source of capital
- → Farm corporatisation
- → Increased mechanisation
- → Strategic investment to secure supply





Returns and volatility

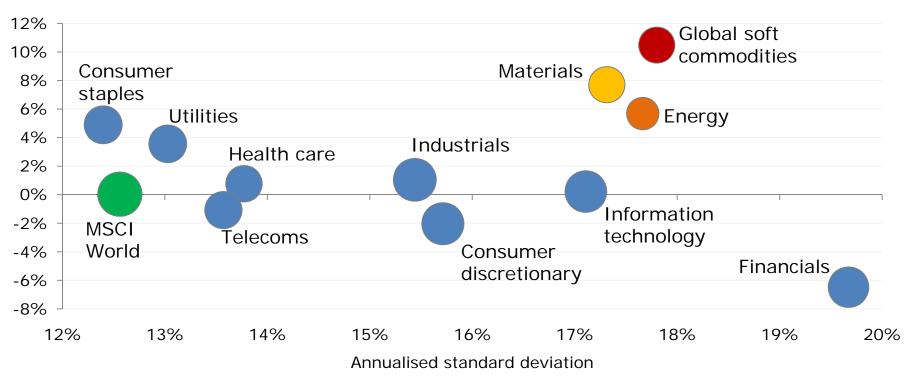
Annualised returns	1 yr	3 yr	5 yr
Global soft commodity equities	27.3%	2.3%	10.8%
Global mining	49.7%	3.5%	17.1%
Global energy	6.4%	-3.8%	3.9%
Global equities	16.0%	-9.0%	-0.0%

Annualised volatility	1 yr	3 yr	5 yr
Global soft commodity equities	18.9%	21.0%	18.2%
Global mining	23.0%	27.7%	25.3%
Global energy	11.4%	18.1%	17.6%
Global equities	14.8%	14.2%	12.7%



Returns and volatility

Annualised returns



Source: CFSGAM, Bloomberg, Rimes, data in AUD five years to 31 Mar 10.
Global Soft Commodity Benchmark: 75% DAXglobal Agribusiness Index & 25% S&P Global Timber & Forestry Index.



Correlation to other asset classes

	Global mining	Global energy	Australian bonds	Global bonds	Australian equities	Global equities
Global soft commodities	0.66	0.59	-0.19	-0.16	0.62	0.67
Global mining		0.64	-0.30	-0.08	0.72	0.35
Global energy			-0.20	-0.33	0.53	0.52

Source: 31 Dec 03 to 31 Mar 10 in AUD. Global resources: HSBC Global Mining Accumulation Index; Global energy: MSCI World Energy Index (A\$); Australian Bonds: UBS Australia Composite Bond index 0+ Yrs; Global Fixed Interest: Citigroup World Government Bond Index Ex Australia \$AUD hedged; Australian Shares: S&P/ASX 300 Accumulation Index; International Shares: MSCI World Net Index (\$A): US Equities; S&P 500 Index: Global Agribusiness; 75% DAXglobal Agribusiness Index & 25% S&P Global Forestry & Timber Index .



Food for thought!









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